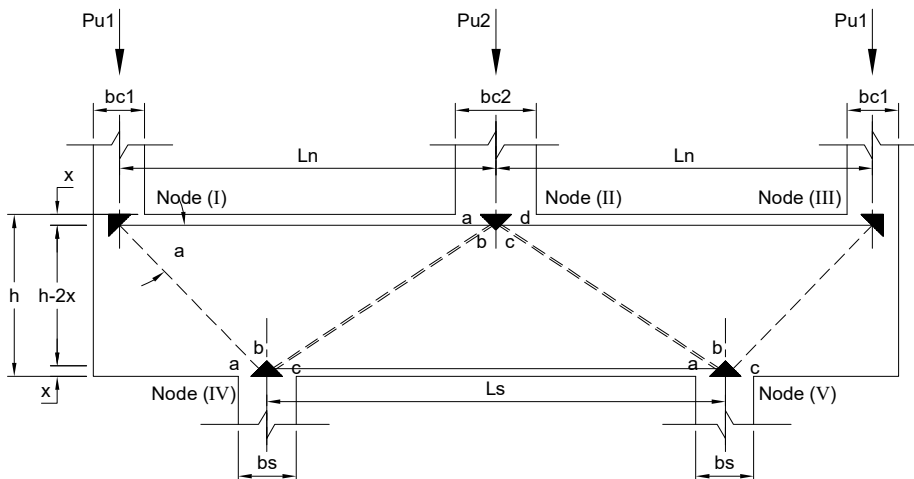




Design of Continuous Deep Beam by the Strut-and-Tie Model as per ACI318 Appendix A



System

Width of Deep Beam, $b =$		24.0 in
Height of Deep Beam, $h =$		144.0 in
Concrete Cover, $co =$		1.25 in
Depth of Deep Beam, $d =$	$h - co$	$= 142.75$ in
Upper End Distance of Truss Model, $x_1 =$		6.0 in
Lower End Distance of Truss Model, $x_2 =$		9.0 in
Span of Deep Beam, $L_n =$		24.0 ft
Exterior Planted Column Width, $b_{c1} =$		24.0 in
Interior Planted Column Width, $b_{c2} =$		56.0 in
Distance between Supports of Deep Beam, $L_s =$		24.0 ft
Support Column Width, $b_s =$		48.0 in
Support Column Depth, $d_s =$		24.0 in

Load

Dead Load for Exterior Column, $P_{D1} =$		100.0 kips
Live Load for Exterior Column, $P_{L1} =$		237.5 kips
Ultimate Load for Exterior Column, $P_{u1} =$	$1.2 * P_{D1} + 1.6 * P_{L1}$	$= 500.0$ kips
Dead Load for Interior Column, $P_{D2} =$		750.0 kips
Live Load for Interior Column, $P_{L2} =$		1000.0 kips
Ultimate Load for Interior Column, $P_{u2} =$	$1.2 * P_{D2} + 1.6 * P_{L2}$	$= 2500.0$ kips
Support Column Ultimate Load, $P_u =$	$P_{u1} + P_{u2} / 2$	$= 1750.0$ kips

Material Properties

Concrete Strength, $f'_c =$		4000 psi
Yield Strength of Reinforcement, $f_y =$		60000 psi



Strength Reduction Factor (According to Cl.9.3.2 of ACI318), Φ =	0.75
Modification Factor for Lightweight Concrete, λ =	1.00
Friction Factor (According to Cl.11.6.4.3 of ACI318), μ =	$1.4 * \lambda = 1.40$

Check Deep Beam Requirements

Check on Height of Deep Beam Requirements (According to Cl.11.7.1 of ACI318),
 $R = IF(12 * L_n / h < 4; \text{"Deep Beam Design"}; \text{"Normal Beam Design"}) = \text{Deep Beam Design}$

Calculation of Effective Concrete Strength

(According to Cl.A.3.2 of ACI318) Factor of, β_s = 1.00
 Effective Concrete Strength (According to Eq.A-3 of ACI 318),
 $f_{ce1} = 0.85 * \beta_s * f'_c = 3400 \text{ psi}$

Calculation of Effective Concrete Strength for Nodal Zones

For Nodal Zone IV Bounded by Three Struts (C-C-C Nodal Zone)
 (According to Cl.A.5.2.1 of ACI318) Factor of, β_n = 1.00
 Effective Concrete Strength (According to Eq.A-3 of ACI 318),
 $f_{ce2} = 0.85 * \beta_n * f'_c = 3400 \text{ psi}$

For Nodal Zone A&B Bounded by Three Struts (C-C-T Nodal Zone)
 (According to Cl.A.5.2.2 of ACI318) Factor of, β_n = 0.80
 Effective Concrete Strength (According to Eq.A-3 of ACI 318),
 $f_{ce3} = 0.85 * \beta_n * f'_c = 2720 \text{ psi}$
 Minimum Effective Concrete Strength, $f_{ce} = \text{MIN}(f_{ce1}; f_{ce2}; f_{ce3}) = 2720 \text{ psi}$

Calculation of Forces in Struts

For Node IV Will Carry Exterior Column Load Strut, $F_a = P_{u1} = 500.00 \text{ kips}$
 For Node IV Other Struts B and C, $F_{bc} = 0.5 * (P_u - F_a) = 625.00 \text{ kips}$

Check Width of Struts at Node IV

Width of Strut a, $W_{sa} = \frac{F_a * 1000}{\Phi * f_{ce} * b} = 10.21 \text{ in}$
 Width of Strut b&c, $W_{sbc} = \frac{F_{bc} * 1000}{\Phi * f_{ce} * b} = 12.77 \text{ in}$
 Total Width of Struts, $W_s = W_{sa} + W_{sbc} * 2 = 35.75 \text{ in}$
 Check Validity= $IF(W_s < b_s; \text{"Valid"}; \text{"Invalid"}) = \text{Valid}$

Check Width of Struts at Node I

Width of Strut, $W_{sl} = \frac{P_{u1} * 1000}{\Phi * f_{ce} * b} = 10.21 \text{ in}$
 Check Validity= $IF(W_{sl} < b_{c1}; \text{"Valid"}; \text{"Invalid"}) = \text{Valid}$

Check Width of Struts at Node II



$$\text{Width of Strut, } W_{sII} = \frac{P_{u2} * 1000}{\Phi * f_{ce} * b} = 51.06 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Check Validity} = \text{IF}(W_{sII} < b_{c2}; \text{"Valid"}; \text{"Invalid"}) = \text{Valid}$$

Calculation of Force in Strut I-IVa and Tie I-IIa

$$\text{Horizontal Projection of Strut I-IVa, } L_{hiiva} = \frac{(L_n * 2 - L_s) * 12}{2} - W_{sbc} = 131.23 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Vertical Projection of Strut I-IVa, } L_{viiva} = h - (x_1 + x_2) = 129.00 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Horizontal Force in Strut I-IVa and Tie I-IIa, } F_{iiva} = P_{u1} * \frac{L_{hiiva}}{L_{viiva}} = 508.64 \text{ kips}$$

$$\text{Length of Strut I-IVa, } L_{iiva} = \sqrt{L_{hiiva}^2 + L_{viiva}^2} = 184.02 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Compression Force in Strut I-IVa at Node I, } F_i = \frac{P_{u1} * L_{iiva}}{h - (x_1 + x_2)} = 713.26 \text{ kips}$$

$$\text{Check Validity} = \text{IF}(F_i < f_{ce}; \text{"Valid"}; \text{"Invalid"}) = \text{Valid}$$

Calculation of Width of Strut IIa-IVb

$$\text{Horizontal Projection of Strut IIa-IVb, } L_{hiiaivb} = \frac{(L_n * 2 - L_s) * 12}{2} - \frac{W_{sII} * 3}{8} = 124.9 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Vertical Projection of Strut IIa-IVb, } L_{viiavb} = h - (x_1 + x_2 * 2) = 120.0 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Vertical Force in Strut IIa-IVb, } F_{iiaivb} = F_{iiva} * \frac{L_{hiiaivb}}{L_{viiavb}} = 529.4 \text{ kips}$$

Calculation of Width of Strut IIa-IVc

$$\text{Horizontal Projection of Strut IIa-IVb, } L_{hiiaivb} = \frac{(L_n * 2 - L_s) * 12}{2} - \frac{W_{sII} * 3}{8} = 124.9 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Vertical Projection of Strut IIa-IVb, } L_{viiavb} = h - (x_1 + x_2 * 2) = 120.0 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Vertical Force in Strut IIa-IVb, } F_{iiaivb} = F_{iiva} * \frac{L_{hiiaivb}}{L_{viiavb}} = 529.4 \text{ kips}$$

Calculation of Width of Strut IIb-IVc

$$\text{Horizontal Projection of Strut IIa-IVb, } L_{hiiaivb} = \frac{(L_n * 2 - L_s) * 12}{2} - \frac{W_{sII} * 7}{50} = 136.9 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Vertical Projection of Strut IIa-IVb, } L_{viiavb} = h - (x_1 + x_2 * 2) = 120.0 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Vertical Force in Strut IIa-IVb, } F_{iiaivb} = F_i * \frac{L_{hiiaivb}}{L_{viiavb}} = 813.7 \text{ kips}$$

Calculation of Width of Tie IVc-Va

$$\text{Force in Tie IVc-Va, } F_{ivcva} = \frac{F_{iiaivb} * 1000}{\Phi * f_{ce} * b} = 16.62 \text{ in}$$

Calculation VL and HZ Reinforcement to Resist Splitting of Diagonal Struts



1. Vertical Reinforcement

Angle of Strut, α =			46.60 °
Provided Reinforcement, Bar=	SEL("ACI/Bar"; Bar;)	=	No.5
Provided Reinforcement, A_{sbv} =	TAB("ACI/Bar"; Asb; Bar=Bar)	=	0.31 in ²
Number of Bars, n_v =			2
Vertical Reinforcement, A_{sv} =	$A_{sbv} * n_v$	=	0.62 in ²
Provided Spacing between Bars, s=			10.00 in

Vertical Reinforcement (According to Eq.A4 of ACI318),

$$VL = \frac{A_{sv}}{b * s} * \sin(90 - \alpha) = 0.00177$$

2. Horizontal Reinforcement

Provided Reinforcement, Bar=	SEL("ACI/Bar"; Bar;)	=	No.5
Provided Reinforcement, A_{sbh} =	TAB("ACI/Bar"; Asb; Bar=Bar)	=	0.31 in ²
Number of Bars, n_h =			2
Vertical Reinforcement, A_{sh} =	$A_{sbh} * n_h$	=	0.62 in ²
Provided Spacing between Bars, s=			10.00 in

Horizontal Reinforcement (According to Eq.A4 of ACI318),

$$HZ = \frac{A_{sh}}{b * s} * \sin(\alpha) = 0.00188$$

$$\text{Check Validity} = \text{IF}(VL+HZ > 0.003; \text{"Valid"}; \text{"Invalid"}) = \text{Valid}$$

Calculation of Tension Reinforcement for Tie Connecting Joint I-IIa

Required Reinforcement Area, A_{sreq} =	$\frac{F_{iiva} * 1000}{\phi * f_y}$	=	11.30 in ²
Provided Reinforcement, Bar=	SEL("ACI/Bar"; Bar;)	=	No.9
Number of Bars, n=			12.00
Provided Reinforcement, A_{sb} =	TAB("ACI/Bar"; Asb; Bar=Bar)	=	1.00 in ²
Total Provided Area, A_{sprov} =	$n * A_{sb}$	=	12.00 in ²
Check Validity=	$\text{IF}(A_{sprov} > A_{sreq}; \text{"Valid"}; \text{"Invalid"})$	=	Valid

Design Summary

Provided Vertical Reinforcement, A_{sv} =	A_{sv}	=	0.62 in ²
Provided Horizontal Reinforcement, A_{sh} =	A_{sh}	=	0.62 in ²
Provided Tension Reinforcement, A_{sprov} =	A_{sprov}	=	12.00 in ²