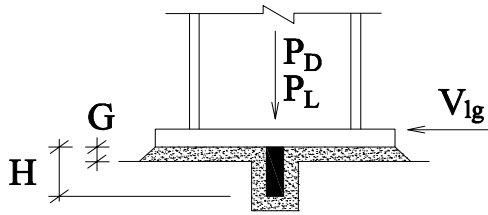




Design of a Shear Lug for Base Plates Subjected to Axial and Shear Loads



Loads

Dead Load, P_D =	120 kips
Live Load, P_L =	150 kips
Shear Load, V_w =	55 kips

Base Plate Material Properties

Grade:	SEL("Material/ASTM"; NAME;)	=	A36
Yield stress, f_{yp} =	TAB("Material/ASTM"; F_y ;NAME=Grade)	=	36 ksi

Column, Base Plate and Pedestal Dimensions

Concrete strength for pedestal (f'_c):

f'_c =	3 ksi
Base plate depth, N=	14 in
Base plate width, B=	14 in
The coefficient of friction, μ =	0.55
Shear lug width, W=	8 in
Grout depth, G=	1.0 in

The Portion of The Shear which can be Transferred by Friction Equal to μ :

$$V_{Igu} = 1.3 * V_w - \mu * (0.9 * P_D) = 12.1 \text{ kips}$$

The Required Bearing Area

$$\Phi_c = 0.60$$

$$A_{Igu} = \frac{V_{Igu}}{0.85 * \Phi_c * f'_c} = 7.9 \text{ in}^2$$

The Height of The Bearing Portion

$$H = \frac{A_{Igu}}{W} = 0.99 \text{ in}$$

Base Plate Thickness

$$M_{Igu} = \frac{V_{Igu}}{W} * \frac{H + G}{2} = 1.5 \text{ kip*in}$$

$$t_{ig} = \sqrt{\frac{4 * M_{Igu}}{0.9 * f_{yp}}} = 0.43 \text{ in}$$



Summary: Use Shear Lug with the Following Minimum Dimensions

Depth=	$H+G$	=	2 in
Width=	W	=	8 in
Thickness=	t_{lg}	=	0.43 in